




















Vivat Rex!

V Uhorsku bol kráľ korunovaný svätoštefanskou korunou, počas obradu dostal bohato vyšívaný korunovačný plášť, meč, s ktorým pasoval aj rytierov Rádu zlatej ostrohy, krajinské jablko a žezlo.


Panovníci a ich manželky korunovaní v Dóme sv. Martina

Obdobie vlády  dátum korunovácie
Maximilián (1564-1576)  8. 9. 1563
Mária, jeho manželka  9. 9. 1563
Rudolf (1576-1608)  25. 9. 1572
Matej II. (1608-1619)  19. 11. 1608
Anna, jeho manželka  25. 3. 1613
Ferdinand II. (1619-1637)  1. 7. 1618
Mária Anna, 1. manželka Ferdinanda III.  14. 2. 1638
Ferdinand IV. (nevládol, zomrel v r. 1654)  16. 6. 1647
Eleonóra Gonzaga, 3. manželka Ferdinanda III.  6. 6. 1655
Leopold I. (1657-1705)  27. 6. 1655
Jozef I. (1705-1711)  9. 12. 1687
Karol III. (1711-1740)  22. 5. 1712
Alžbeta Kristína, jeho manželka  18. 10. 1714
Mária Terézia (1740-1780)  25. 6. 1741
Leopold II. (1790-1792)  15. 11. 1790
Mária Ludovika, 3. manželka Františka I.  7. 9. 1808
Karolína Augusta, 4. manželka Františka I.  25. 9. 1825
Ferdinand V. (1835-1848)  28. 9. 1830



Korunovácie v Prešporku

Bratislava, ktorú kedysi Slováci nazývali **Prešporkom**, Nemci **Pressburg** a Maďari **Pozsony** sa stala korunovačným mestom, keď Turci pri okupácii Uhorska obsadili dejisko korunovácií, mesto Stoličný Belehrad (Székesfehérvár).

 V **Dóme sv. Martina** v rokoch 1563-1830 korunovali 10 kráľov, jednu panujúcu kráľovnú a 7 kráľovských manželiek.

Obrad korunovácie

Obrad korunovácie sa konal v Dóme sv. Martina 1.

Pre účastníkov boli pripravené lôže a stupňovité tribúny priamo v dóme. Uhorskú kráľovskú korunu na hlavu nového kráľa položil najvyšší cirkevný hodnostár zastupujúci pápeža, ostrihomský arcibiskup. Do pravej ruky dostal kráľ žezlo a do ľavej krajinské jablko. Prítomní po palatínovi trikrát opakovali zvolanie „Vivat Rex!“ Nech žije kráľ! Nasledovala hymna Te Deum a pokračovanie omše.







Pri korunovácií kráľovských manželiek uhorskú korunu podržali nad pravým plecóm kráľovnej, aby stála po boku svojho manžela a pomáhala niesť bremeno kráľovských povinností.



Korunovačný sprievod

Pri korunovaní kráľov bol stanovený presný priebeh ceremoniálu a bola určená presná trasa, po ktorej sa presúval korunovačný sprievod.

Novozvolený panovník sa z dómu vydal s korunovačným sprievodom cez mesto. Na čele sprievodu za krížom kráčali kňazi a za nimi magnáti, ktorí niesli zástavy krajín patriacich k Uhorsku. Cesta bola pokrytá farebným plátnom, ktoré po prechode sprievodu roztrhalo obyvateľstvo mesta na kusy.





-  Vo františkánskom kostole 2 bolo prichystané pódium s trónom, odkiaľ kráľ pasoval korunovačným mečom vybraných mužov za rytierov Rádu zlatej ostrohy za verné služby panovníkovi.
-  Cez Michalskú bránu 4 sprievod opustil územie stredovekého mesta a zastavil sa na voľnom priestranstve 5 za mestským opevnením, kde nový panovník zložil slávnostnú prisahu.
-  Na nábreží Dunaja 6 bol vytvorený korunovačný pahorok zo zeminy zo všetkých žúp uhorského kráľovstva. Panovník na koni vyšiel cvalom na kopec a sekol mečom na štyri svetové strany, čím symbolicky prisľúbil ochranu svojmu kráľovstvu pred nepriateľmi zo všetkých svetových strán.
-  Novozvoleného kráľa čakala v slávnostnej sieni hradu 7 alebo v Primaciálnom paláci 8 korunovačná hostina, ale oslavoval aj ľud v uliciach mesta. Počas sprievodu sa rozhadzovali medzi ľud peniaze a pamätné mince, na ražňoch sa piekli voly a z fontány tieklo víno. Ani o zábavu nebola núdza, odohrávali sa rytierske turnaje a nechýbal ani ohňostrojek.



Coronation Procession

When kings were crowned, the exact ceremony was orchestrated and the precise route of the procession was also determined.


Leaving the cathedral, the newly elected king would be escorted through the city. The priests would walk at the head of the procession with a cross in front, while behind them would be the magnates carrying flags of the lands belonging to Hungary. The coronation route would be covered by coloured carpet, which would be torn into pieces after the procession by the city's residents.

-  A podium would be set up in the Franciscan Church 3 with a throne, and there the king would knight selected men to the Order of the Golden Spur for their faithful service to the Monarchy.
-  It was through Michael's Gate 4 that the coronation procession left the city and would stop at an open area 5 outside the city walls for the new ruler to take his solemn oath.
-  On the banks of the Danube 6, a coronation mound would be made from soil coming from all of the counties in the Kingdom of Hungary. The king would come on horseback to the hill, waving a sword in the four cardinal directions to promise symbolically protection for his kingdom against enemies from all corners of the world.
-  For the newly-chosen king a coronation feast would be prepared either inside the castle 7 or at the Primate's Palace 8 while people were also celebrating in the streets of the city. During the procession, money and commemorative coins would be thrown to the people, oxen were roasted on stakes and the fountains were full of wine. And the entertainment continued as the knights jostled in tournaments and there were fireworks at night.



Coronations in Pressburg

Bratislava, once called **Prešporok** by the Slovaks, **Pressburg** by the Germans and **Pozsony** by the Hungarians became the coronation city when the Ottoman Turks occupied Székesfehérvár, the site of previous coronations.

 It was in **St. Martin's Cathedral** that ten kings, seven queen consorts and one reigning queen were crowned between 1563 and 1830.

Coronation Ceremony

The coronation took place in the **St. Martin's Cathedral** 1. The Holy Crown of Hungary would be placed on the head of the new king by the Archbishop of Esztergom, the highest dignitary in the region representing the Pope. A scepter would be put in the king's right hand and a golden orb in his left. Then, in the presence of the Palatine, they would call out "Vivat Rex!" – Long live the King – three times. This would be followed by the hymn Te Deum and the Mass would continue.






















When a queen consort was crowned, the Royal Crown would be held above her right shoulder to symbolize her willingness to stand beside her husband and to help carry the burden of royal duties.

Vivat Rex!

In Hungary, the king would receive the Crown of St. Stephen and during the ceremony he would be dressed in a richly embroidered coronet cloak. He was given a sword, which he used to dub the knights of the Order of the Golden Spur, a golden orb and a sceptre.

Rulers and their wives crowned at St. Martin's Cathedral

Reign  Date of Coronation
Maximilian (1564-1576)  8. 9. 1563
Maria, his wife  9. 9. 1563
Rudolf (1576-1608)  25. 9. 1572
Matthias II. (1608-1619)  19. 11. 1608
Anna, his wife  25. 3. 1613
Ferdinand II. (1619-1637)  1. 7. 1618
Maria Anna, first wife of Ferdinand III.  14. 2. 1638
Ferdinand IV. (never ruled, died in 1654)  16. 6. 1647
Eleonora Gonzaga, third wife of Ferdinand III.  6. 6. 1655
Leopold I. (1657-1705)  27. 6. 1655
Joseph I. (1705-1711)  9. 12. 1687
Charles III. (1711-1740)  22. 5. 1712
Elisabeth Christine, his wife  18. 10. 1714
Maria Theresa (1740-1780)  25. 6. 1741
Leopold II. (1790-1792)  15. 11. 1790
Maria Ludovika, third wife of Francis I.  7. 9. 1808
Carolina Augusta, fourth wife of Francis I.  25. 9. 1825
Ferdinand V. (1835-1848)  28. 9. 1830

Maria Theresa

The only reigning queen crowned in Bratislava was Maria Theresa, who solemnly accepted the title of Queen of Hungary on June 25, 1741. At a session of the Diet of Hungary on September 11 the Hungarian counts confirmed they would sacrifice their „lives and blood“ for the queen with a yell of „Vitam et sanguinem.“ She initiated many reforms, converted Bratislava castle into a royal residence and allowed some of the fortifications to be torn down in order to expand the city.





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Bratislava Tourist Board
Primaciálne nám. 1
P. O. BOX 349
810 00 Bratislava
btb@visitbratislava.com
www.visitbratislava.com

Tourist Information Centre
Klobučnícka 2
SK-811 01 Bratislava
Tel.: +421 2 16 186
Tel.: +421 2 59356651
touristinfo@visitbratislava.com

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Witnesses to the Coronation

Nowadays, Bratislava's streets are lined with churches and buildings where historical events have taken place; houses that were along the coronation route; and squares which witnessed the coronation ceremonies.

👑 *Today, part of the original coronation procession route is marked with brass crowns embedded in the pavement.*

- St. Martin's Cathedral 1** became the coronation cathedral for almost three centuries. It is commemorated by the replica of the golden Crown of Hungary at the top of the tower and by an incomplete list of the monarchs crowned here, painted on the wall next to the altar. Some bishops and noblemen who took part in the coronation have been laid to rest in the crypts.
- Castle 7** where the Kings of Hungary had resided since 1536 and the crown jewels were guarded in its southwest tower until 1784.
- The Main Square 2** is dominated by a fountain with a statue of Maximilian, the first king to be crowned in Bratislava.
- Franciscan Church 3** witnessed the dubbing of knights by the newly-elected ruler.
- Primate's Palace 8** is the former residence of the Archbishop. Kings were accommodated here and the coronation feast was held here, too.
- Michael's Gate 4** is the last remaining gate from the city's fortifications where the coronation procession left the city. Today, visitors can enjoy a unique view of the historic city center from the viewpoint on its tower.



Be a King!

Discover places full of history that have witnessed the crowning of the monarchs!

Guided Tours of the Coronation

Follow the footsteps of kings and walk the route of the original coronation procession during guided coronation tours (guides@visitbratislava.com, 00421 905 848 407). You can also use your mobile to walk along the coronation route as part of an interactive encryption game (www.brightons.eu).

Coronation Festivities

Watch the royal past come to life during the Bratislava Coronation Days, when visitors get involved directly in the ceremonies as they are reenacted by actors and enthusiasts wearing period costumes. Multiple-day celebrations are accompanied by a number of events, jousting tournaments, theater and music performances, lectures, exhibitions and fun for all.



👑 www.visitbratislava.com/coronation

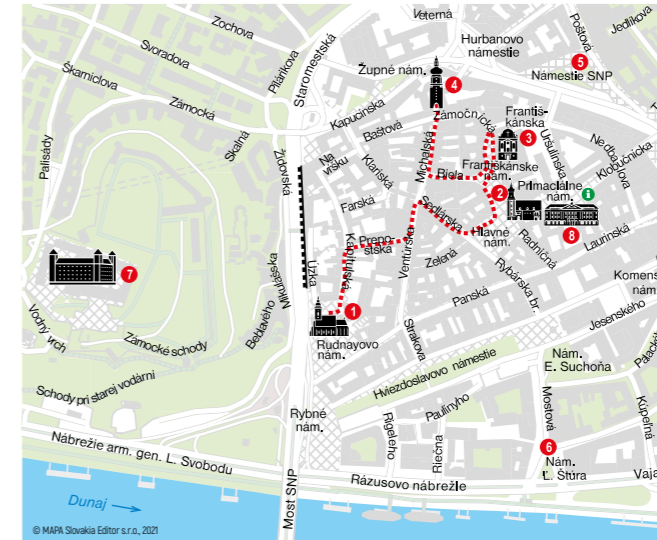


Svedkovia korunovácií

V uliciach dnešnej Bratislavy sa nachádzajú kostoly a budovy, v ktorých sa odohrávali historické udalosti, stále tu stoja domy, ktoré lemovali trasu korunovačného sprievodu a existujú námestia, ktoré boli svedkami korunovačného obradu.

👑 *Časť trasy pôvodného korunovačného sprievodu je dnes vyznačená mosadznými korunkami v dlažbe.*

- Dóm sv. Martina 1** sa stal na takmer tri storočia korunovačným chrámom, čo pripomína dodnes model pozlátenej uhorskej koruny na vrchole veže, neúplný zoznam korunovačných kráľov a kráľovien namalovaný na stene vľavo od oltára. V kryptách katedrály odpočívajú mnohí biskupi a šľachtici, ktorí sa zúčastňovali korunovácií.
- Hrad 7** bol od roku 1536 rezidenciou uhorských kráľov a v jeho juhozápadnej veži do roku 1784 strážili korunovačné klenoty.
- Hlavnému námestiu 2** dominuje radnica a fontána s podobizňou Maximiliána, prvého panovníka korunovaného v meste.
- Františkánsky kostol 3** bol svedkom pasovania rytierov novozvoleným panovníkom.
- Primaciálny palác 8** bol sídlom arcibiskupa, v ktorom sa ubytovali aj králi, prípadne sa tam konala korunovačná hostina.
- Michalská brána 4** je poslednou zachovanou bránou z mestského opevnenia, cez ktorú opúšťal korunovačný sprievod mesto. Dnes si z vyhladky na jej veži môžu návštevníci vychutnať jedinečný pohľad na historické centrum mesta.



Staňte sa kráľom!

Objavte miesta, ktoré dýchajú históriou a boli svedkami slávnych korunovácií!

Korunovačné prehliadky

Vyďte sa po stopách kráľov a absolvujte časť trasy pôvodného korunovačného sprievodu počas komentovaných prehliadok (guides@visitbratislava.com, 00421 905 848 407). Korunovačnú trasu môžete absolvovať aj samostatne s pomocou interaktívnej šifrovacej hry vo vašom mobile (www.bystronovci.sk).

Korunovačné oslavy

Kráľovská minulosť oživa v Bratislave každoročne počas Bratislavských korunovačných dní, kedy sa návštevníci stávajú priamymi účastníkmi zinscenovanej ceremónie s účasťou hercov a nadšencov v dobových kostýmoch. Viacdňové slávnosti sprevádza množstvo podujatí, rytierske hry, divadelné a hudobné predstavenia, prednášky a výstavy a zábava pre všetkých.



👑 www.visitbratislava.com/sk/korunovacie

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